

MeshFree Benchmark Series

免網格分析軟體-基準測試

Verification of Linear Static

線性靜態驗證

01 Straight Cantilever Beam

問題定義

A straight cantilever beam (Fig. VLS01, a) is subjected to four different loads at the free end (Fig. VLS01, b):

1. extension
2. in-plane shear
3. out-of-plane shear
4. twisting

單位: IPS

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E = 1e+7$ psi 泊松比 $\nu = 0.3$

條件和結果

Loads are uniformly distributed along face of the beam (Fig. 1-1-2a, b, c) or along edges (Fig. 1-1-2d).

Find tip displacements in direction of loads.

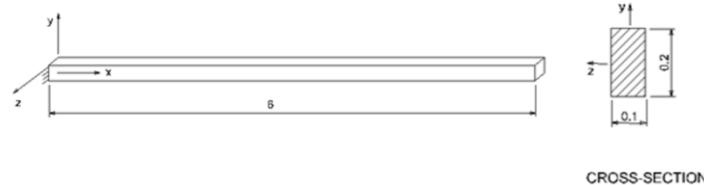


Fig. VLS01, a

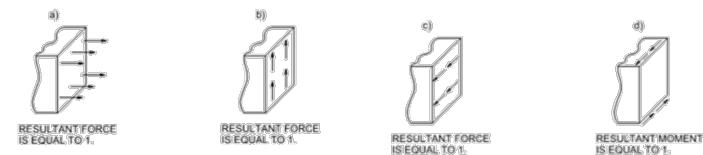
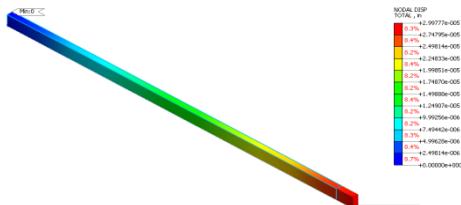
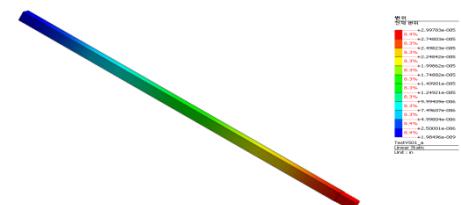


Fig. VLS01, b

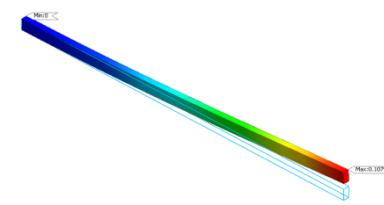
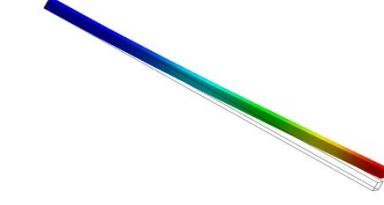
參考

"A proposed standard set of problems to Test Finite Element Accuracy", by R.H. MacNeal and R.L. Harder, Finite Elements in Analysis and Design I, 1985, pp. 3-20.

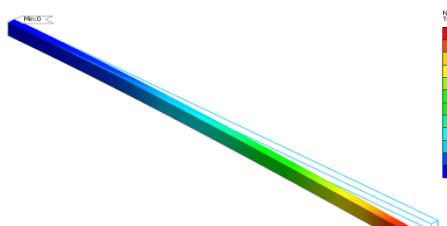
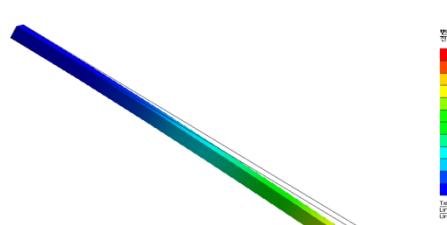
Axial Loading (+x direction)

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	3.0000E-05	-
	2.9978E-05	-0.07%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	2.9978E-05	-0.07%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		
	2.9978E-05	-0.07%

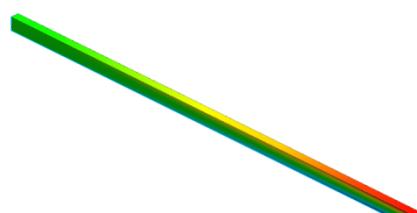
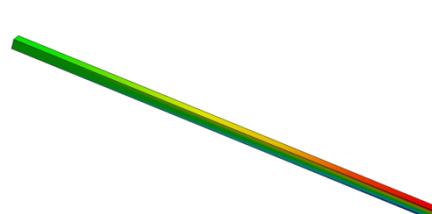
In-Plane Shear (+y direction)

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	1.0810E-01	-
	1.0793E-01	-0.02%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	1.0797E-01	-0.01%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		
	1.0793E-01	-0.02%

Out of Plane Shear

	端點 變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	4.3210E-01	-
	4.3098E-01	-0.26%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	4.3115E-01	-0.02%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

Twisting

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	3.4080E-03	-
	3.3971E-03	-0.32%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體	 A 3D plot showing the deformation of a beam element under load. The beam is oriented diagonally from bottom-left to top-right. A color bar on the right indicates displacement values from -3.4080E-03 to 3.4080E-03. The plot shows a smooth transition from red at the top to blue at the bottom, with a maximum displacement of 3.4080E-03 at the top node and a minimum of -3.4080E-03 at the bottom node. Max:0.00339712 Min:-0.00339712	
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體	3.4082E-03	0.01%
	 A 3D plot showing the deformation of a beam element under load, similar in orientation and color scheme to the FEM plot. It shows a smooth transition from red at the top to blue at the bottom, with a maximum displacement of 3.4082E-03 at the top node and a minimum of -3.4082E-03 at the bottom node. Max:0.0034082 Min:-0.0034082	

02 Curved Veam

問題定義

A curved beam, spanning a 90 degree arc is fixed at one end and free at the other (Fig. vs02, a). The beam is subjected to two different loads at the free end (Fig. vs02, b):

1. in-plane load
2. out-of-plane load

單位: IPS.

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E = 1e+7$ psi, 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

條件和結果

Find tip displacements in direction of loads.

參考

"A proposed standard set of problems to Test Finite Element Accuracy", by R.H. MacNeal and R.L. Harder, Finite Elements in Analysis and Design I, 1985, pp. 3-20.

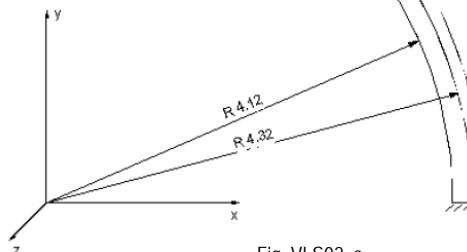


Fig. VLS02, a

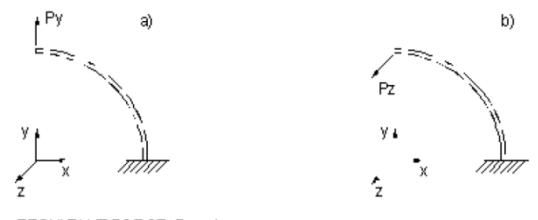
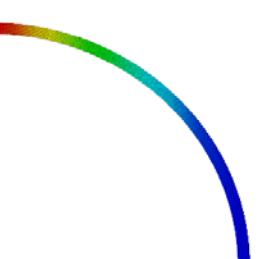
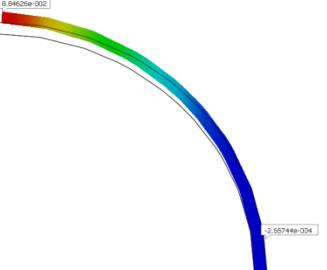
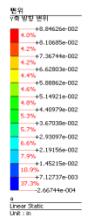
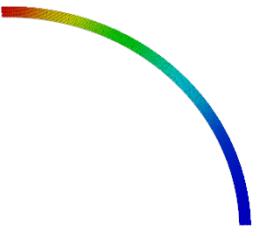
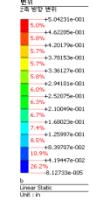


Fig. VLS02, b

In-Plane Shear

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	8.7340E-02	-
	8.8509E-02	1.34%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	8.8463E-02	1.29%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

Out of plane Shear

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	5.0220E-01	-
	5.0434E-01	0.43%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	5.0423E-01	0.40%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

03 Simply Support Thin Plate

問題定義

A square plate simply supported on four edges (Fig. VLS03, a) is subjected to the following loads (Fig. VLS03, b):

1. uniform pressure
2. concentrated load

單位: IPS

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E=1.7472e7$ psi, 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

條件和結果

solid model is used, boundary conditions on supported edges are applied along middle lines of these edges (Fig. VLS03, c).

Find tip displacements in direction of loads.

參考

"A proposed standard set of problems to Test Finite Element Accuracy", by R.H. MacNeal and R.L. Harder, Finite Elements in Analysis and Design I, 1985, pp. 3-20.

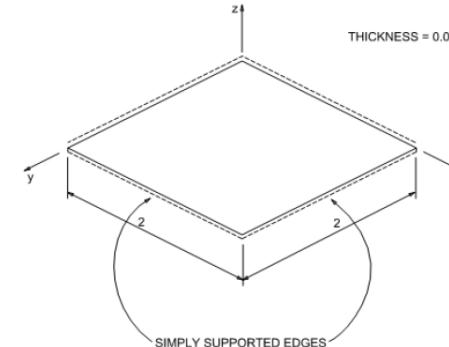


Fig. VLS03, a



UNIFORM LOAD $q=1e-4$

CONCENTRATED LOAD $P_y=4e-4$
IN CENTRE

Fig. VLS03, b

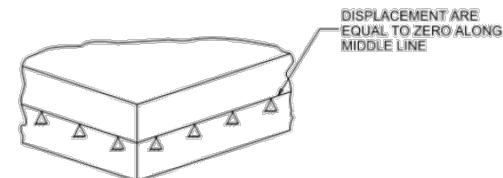
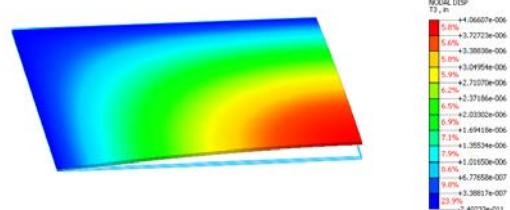


Fig. VLS03, c

Uniform Load

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	4.0620E-06	-
	4.0661E-06	0.10%

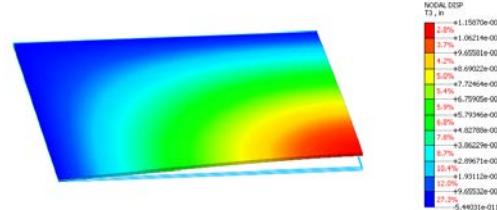
FEM
有限元素
分析軟體



Point Load

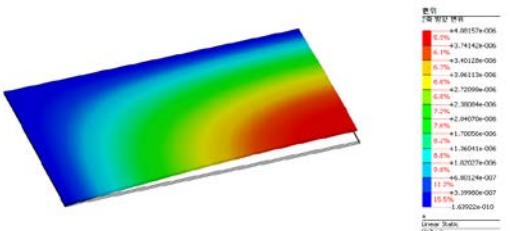
	端點-變形 (in)	誤差(%)
理論	1.1600e-05	-
	1.1587e-05	-0.11%

FEM
有限元素
分析軟體



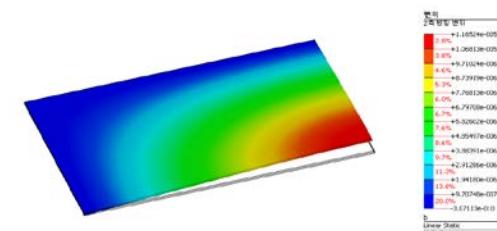
	4.0816E-06	0.48%
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MeshFree
免網格
分析軟體



	1.1652e-05	0.45%
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MeshFree
免網格
分析軟體



04 Clamped Thin Plate

問題定義

A square plate clamped on four edges (Fig. VLS04, a) is subjected to the following loads (Fig. VLS04, b):

1. uniform pressure
2. concentrated load

單位: IPS.

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E=1.7472e7$ psi 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

條件和結果

Find tip displacements in direction of loads.

參考

"A proposed standard set of problems to Test Finite Element Accuracy", by R.H. MacNeal and R.L. Harder, Finite Elements in Analysis and Design I, 1985, pp. 3-20.

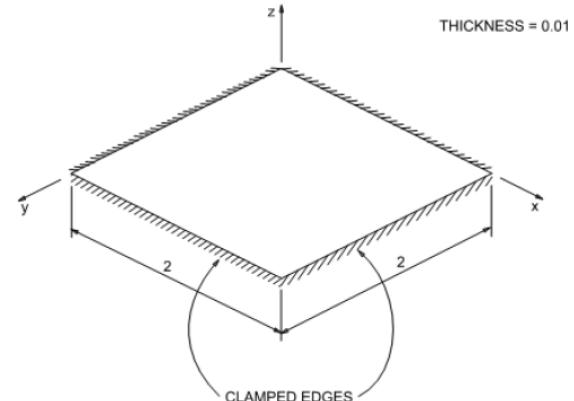


Fig. VLS04, a

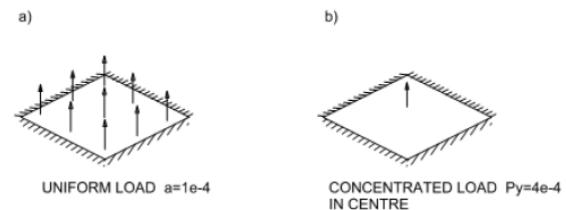
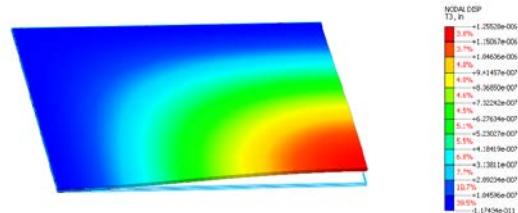


Fig. VLS04, b

Uniform Load

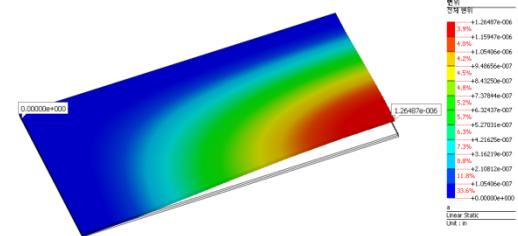
	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	1.2600e-06	-
	1.2553e-06	-0.37%

FEM
有限元素
分析軟體



	1.2649e-06	0.39%
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MeshFree
免網格
分析軟體

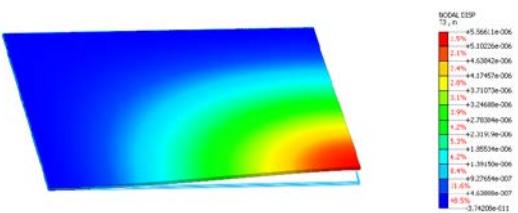


	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	5.6000e-06	-
	5.5661e-06	0.61%

Point Load

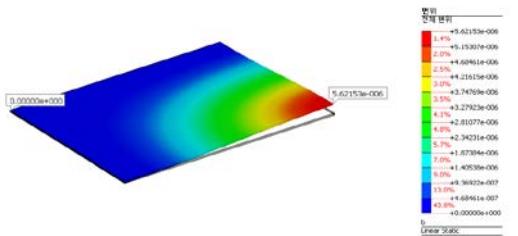
	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	5.6000e-06	-
	5.5661e-06	0.61%

FEM
有限元素
分析軟體



	5.6215e-06	0.38%
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MeshFree
免網格
分析軟體



05 Cantilever Plate

問題定義

Find bending stress at fixed end for a cantilevered plate subjected to a vertical shear load of 120 lbs.
(Fig. VLS05).

單位: IPS

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E=10.7 \times 10^6$ psi 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

條件和結果

Load is expected to be uniformly distributed along free end of the plate.



RESULTANT LOAD
IS EQUAL TO 120 lbs.

參考

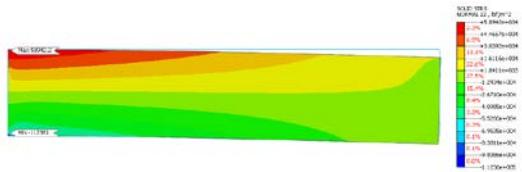
Ferdinand L., Singer, STRENGTH OF MATERIALS, (Harper & Row, 1962), Art. 52, p. 133.

Fig. VLS05

Maximum Bending Stress

	彎曲應力(psi)	誤差(%)
理論	6.0000e+04	-
	5.8942e+04	-1.76%

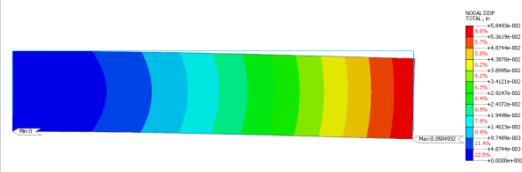
FEM
有限元素
分析軟體



Maximum Displacement of Tip

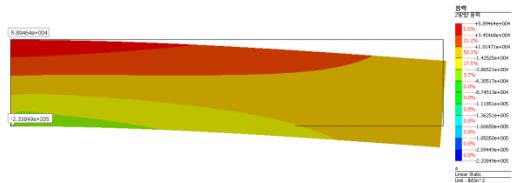
	端點-變形 (in)	誤差(%)
理論	-	-
	5.8493e-02	-

FEM
有限元素
分析軟體



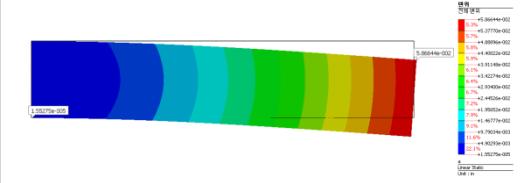
	5.8946e+04	-1.76%
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MeshFree
免網格
分析軟體



	5.8664e-02	0.29%
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MeshFree
免網格
分析軟體



06 Plate with a Hole

問題定義

Plate with a hole. Due to symmetry, only 1/4 section was analyzed as shown.

單位: IPS

材料屬性

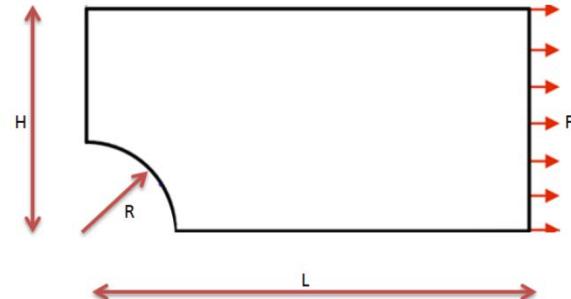
楊氏係數 $E=2.1 \times 10^{11}$ Pa, 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

邊界和負載

Load $F=100$ MPa, +x direction

參考

"A proposed standard set of problems to Test Finite Element Accuracy", by R.H. MacNeal and R.L. Harder, Finite Elements in Analysis and Design I, 1985, pp. 3-20.



$L=100$ mm, $H=50$ mm, $R=20$ mm Thickness=1 mm,

Fig. VLS06

Reference Solution

$$\sigma_{max} = k\sigma_{nom} \quad \text{with} \quad k = 3$$

$$\sigma_{nom} = F \frac{h}{h-r} = 166,7 \text{ MPa}$$

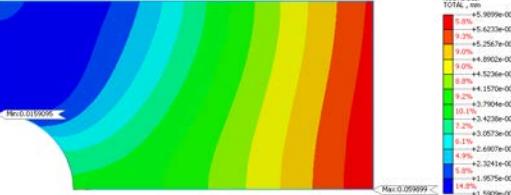
$$k = 3 - 3.13\left(\frac{d}{h}\right) + 3.66\left(\frac{d}{h}\right)^2 - 1.53\left(\frac{d}{h}\right)^3 = 2.2357$$

$\sigma_{max} = 372.7 \text{ MPa}$

Maximum Stress

	X Axial Stress(MPa)	誤差(%)
理論	372.70	-
	377.35	1.25%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	373.72	0.27%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

Maximum Displacement

	端點-變形 (in)	誤差(%)
理論		-
	5.9899e-02	-
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	5.9874e-02	-0.04%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

07 Scodelis-Lo Roof

問題定義

Curved cylindrical dome. Supported on curved edges ($U_x, U_z = 0$), unconstrained on straight edges. Due to symmetry, only 1/4 section was analyzed as shown.

單位: SI

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E=4.32e+8$ Pa, 泊松比 $\nu=0.0$

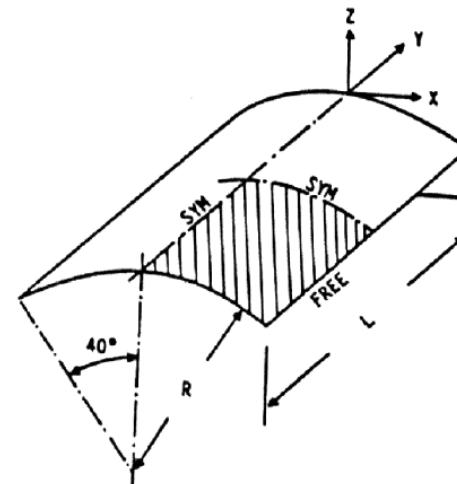
條件和結果

Load is -90 Pa at -Z Direction

Area of top face is $2\pi(R+0.125)(40/360)25 = 438.514 \text{ m}^2$. To get -90 N/m², need a total load of $438.514 \times 90 = 39466.25704 \text{ N}$

參考

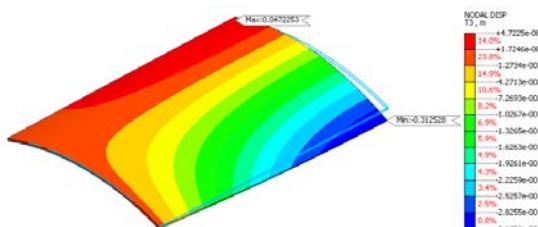
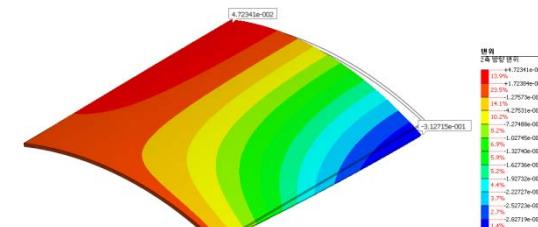
The theoretical solution value of the Z displacement at the middle of free edge is given as 0.3086 though many finite element codes converge to the smaller value of 0.3024.



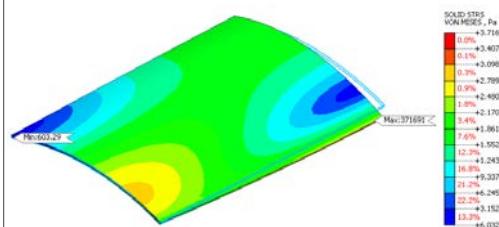
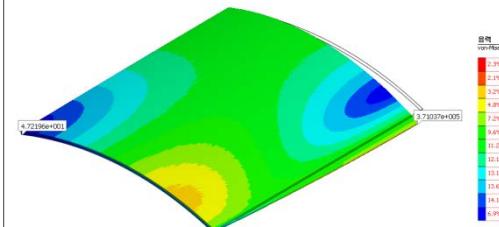
$$L = 50 \text{ m} \quad R = 25 \text{ m} \quad t = 0.25 \text{ m}$$

Fig. VLS07

Maximum Z Displacement

	Z方向- 變形(m)	誤差(%)
理論	0.3086	-
	0.3125	1.26%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	0.3127	1.33%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

Maximum Von-mises Stress

	Von-mises stress(Pa)	誤差(%)
理論		-
	3.7169e+5	
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	3.7104e+5	-0.17%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

08 Curved Thick Elliptical Plate

問題定義

For thick doubly curved beam, find tip displacement at free end. Reference Solution is 4.9352 in

單位: IPS

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E=210e+09$ Pa, 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

條件和結果

Load is uniform $1.0e+06$ Pa, Pressure on face CDAB

Constraints are below

- slider constraint applied to faces ABB'A` and CDD'C`
- U_x and $U_y = 0$ on face CBB'C`
- $U_z = 0$ on line spot EE'

Find Syy Stress at vertex D. Reference Solution is 5.38 MPa

參考

Test LE10 from NAFEMS Publication TNSB, Rev 3, "The Standard NAFEMS Benchmarks", October 1990.

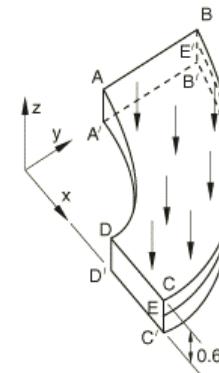
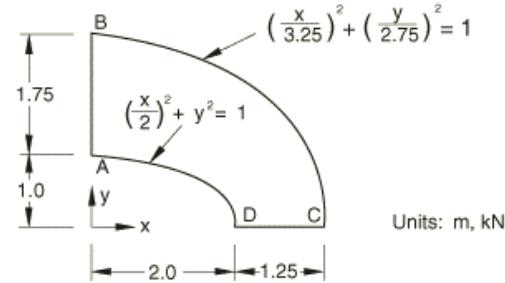
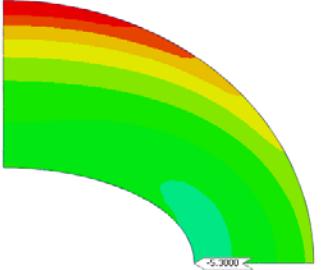
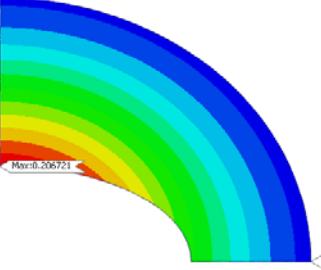
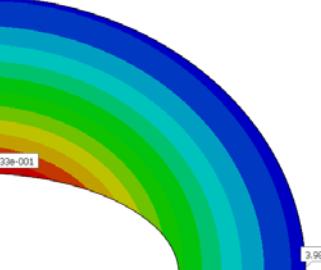
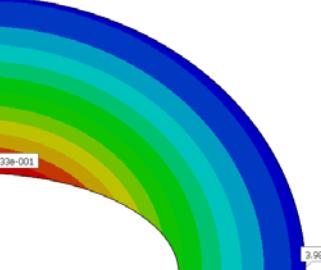


Fig. VLS08

Syy Stress at Point D

	應力(MPa)	誤差(%)
理論	-5.380	-
	-5.300	-1.49%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	-5.430	0.93%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		
	-5.43014e+000	

Maximum Displacement

	變形(mm)	誤差(%)
理論	0.207	-
		
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體	0.209	0.97%
		
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體	3.90659e-004	
		

09 Raasch Challenge

問題定義

For thick doubly curved beam, find tip displacement at free end. Reference Solution is 4.9352 in

單位 : IPS

材料屬性

楊氏係數 $E=3300\text{psi}$, 泊松比 $\nu=0.3$

條件和結果

Load is uniform 1.0 lbf out of plane.

參考

Testing of Shell Elements using Challenging Benchmark Problems, F.T. Wong

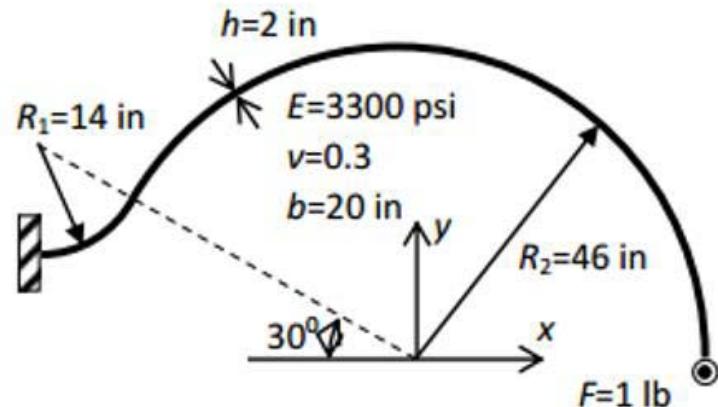


Fig. VLS09

Displacement Magnitude

	端點-變形(in)	誤差(%)
理論	4.9352	-
	4.9247	-0.21%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	4.9132	-0.45%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

Maximum Von-mises Stress

	Von-mises Stress(psi)	誤差(%)
理論		-
	5.5656e+0	-
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
	5.6616e+0	1.72%
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體		

10 Skew Plate Under Pressure

問題定義

A skew plate (Fig. VLS10) is subjected to uniform pressure 0.7 KPa. Plate is simply supported at its perimeter: $U_z = 0$ along edges AB, BC, CD, and AD. $U_x = U_y = 0$ at point A and $U_y = 0$ at point B to prevent rigid body motion.

單位: SI

材料屬性

楊氏係數 = 2.1×10^11 Pa, 泊松比 = 0.3

條件和結果

Find maximum principle stress at the plate center at point E.

參考

Test LE6 from NAFEMS Publication TNSB, Rev. 3, "The Standard NAFEMS Benchmarks," October 1990.

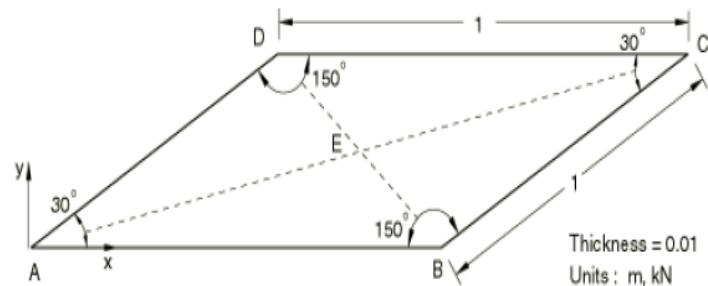
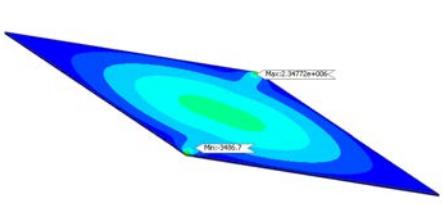
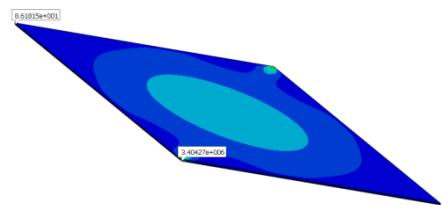
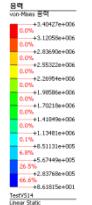


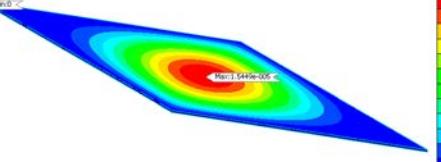
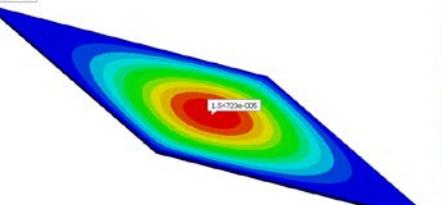
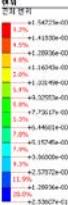
Fig. VS14 A

Fig. VLS10

Maximum Principle Stress

	主應力(MPa)	誤差(%)
理論	0.802	-
	0.821	2.37%
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
		
		
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體	0.822	2.49%
		
		

Maximum Displacement

	變形(m)	誤差(%)
理論		
	1.5449e-05	-
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體		
		
		
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體	1.5472e-05	0.15%
		
		

11

Stress Concentration of Filleted Bar

問題定義

Two configurations of a filleted bar are loaded as shown.

單位: SI

材料屬性

楊氏係數 = 2.1×10^{11} Pa 泊松比= 0.3

條件和結果

Axial load : -1 MPa Pressure

Symmetry (sliding) boundary condition at bar center (left face opposite fillet in Fig. VLS 11)

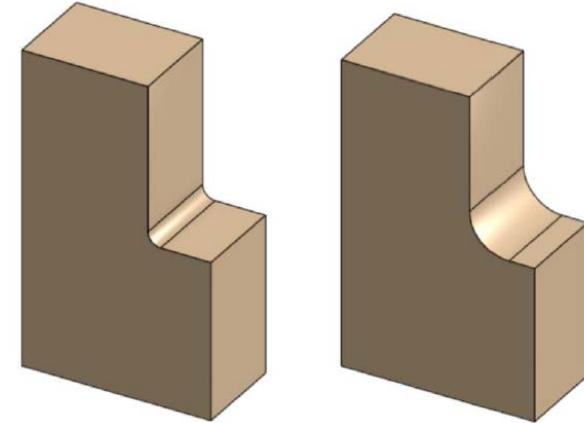
Find maximum principle stress

參考

Shigley's Mechanical Engineering Design, Appendix A, Figure A-15-5, McGraw Hill, 2016

Reference K_t values are approximately 2.6 for configuration 1 and 1.9 for configuration 2. Stress concentration given by:

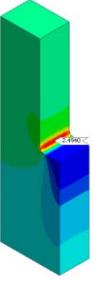
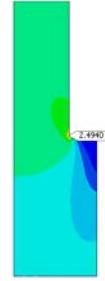
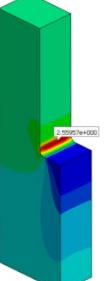
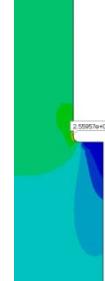
$$\sigma = K_t * \sigma_0$$



Dimension	Configuration 1	Configuration 2
D	60 mm	63 mm
d	40 mm	42 mm
r	4 mm	12.6 mm
T	30 mm	30 mm
D/d	1.50	1.50
r/d	0.05	0.15

Fig. VLS11

Maximum Principle Stress

	主應力(MPa)	誤差(%)																										
理論	2.58	-																										
FEM 有限元素 分析軟體	2.49	-3.49%																										
																												
		<p>SOLID STRS PRINCIPAL A , MPa</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>0.1%</td><td>+2.4940</td></tr> <tr><td>0.3%</td><td>+2.2864</td></tr> <tr><td>0.3%</td><td>+2.0787</td></tr> <tr><td>0.4%</td><td>+1.8711</td></tr> <tr><td>0.5%</td><td>+1.6635</td></tr> <tr><td>1.1%</td><td>+1.4558</td></tr> <tr><td>3.9%</td><td>+1.2482</td></tr> <tr><td>41.4%</td><td>+1.0406</td></tr> <tr><td>37.2%</td><td>+0.8329</td></tr> <tr><td>9.4%</td><td>+0.6253</td></tr> <tr><td>3.2%</td><td>+0.4176</td></tr> <tr><td>2.2%</td><td>+0.2100</td></tr> <tr><td>2.2%</td><td>+0.0024</td></tr> </table>	0.1%	+2.4940	0.3%	+2.2864	0.3%	+2.0787	0.4%	+1.8711	0.5%	+1.6635	1.1%	+1.4558	3.9%	+1.2482	41.4%	+1.0406	37.2%	+0.8329	9.4%	+0.6253	3.2%	+0.4176	2.2%	+0.2100	2.2%	+0.0024
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2.2%	+0.0024																											
MeshFree 免網格 分析軟體	2.56	2.49%																										
																												
		<p>Stress 1. 힘 1. 힘 +2.5595e+000 0.9% +2.3451e+000 0.1% +2.1307e+000 0.0% +1.9163e+000 0.1% +1.7019e+000 0.1% +1.4975e+000 0.4% +1.2731e+000 2.0% +1.0507e+000 46.1% +8.4433e-001 37.1% +6.2992e-001 9.1% +4.1582e-001 2.0% +2.0111e-001 2.6% -1.3297e-002 3.0% Unit : N/mm²</p>																										

